



LESOTHO PLANNED PARENTHOOD ASSOCIATION (LPPA)

Strategic Plan 2016-2020

10th August, 2015

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Acknowledgements

The Lesotho Planned Parenthood Association acknowledges the technical assistance provided by IPPF through Dr. Lawrence Oteba and Mr. Sam Mutsauri who spent time working together with the local consultant, KESI Business Solutions, LPPA staff and volunteers to design the 2016-2020 Strategic Plan for LPPA. The following volunteers spent time with staff working tirelessly to build this important document for the MA; Mr. Boithabiso Sithole- LPPA President, Dr. Phiny Hanson- former LPPA President, Mr. Lawrence Lebina- Branch Chairperson, Mr. Letšoara Tsehlo- Branch Chairperson, Ms Teboho Mohloai- YAM member. The contribution of Mr. Nchafatso Sello as a consultant who reviewed the 2010-2014 cannot be over – emphasised. LPPA is deeply indebted to Mr. Kamohelo Monyau for his professional input into the process of developing the LPPA Strategic Plan (2016-2020) and continued to support the LPPA team to refine the document. Acknowledgements are also directed at the stakeholders who participated during the dissemination of the review report.

List of Acronyms

вот	-	Build, Operate and Transfer
CBDs	-	Community Based Distributors
CSE	-	Comprehensive Sexuality Education
DDIC	-	Direct Delivery and Information Capture
GBV	-	Gender Based Violence
HIV	-	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
ICPD	-	International Conference on Population and Development
IPPF	-	International Planned Parenthood Federation
IPPFARO	-	International Planned Parenthood Federation Africa Regional Office
LPPA	-	Lesotho Planned Parenthood Association
MA	-	Member Association
MoU	-	Memorandum of Understanding
PEST	-	Political, Economic, Social and Technological Environment
RHCS	-	Reproductive Health Commodity Security
SDGs	-	Sustainable Development Goals
SDPs	-	Service Delivery Points
SRH	-	Sexual Reproductive Health
SRHR	-	Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights
STI	-	Sexually Transmitted Infections
SWOT	-	Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats

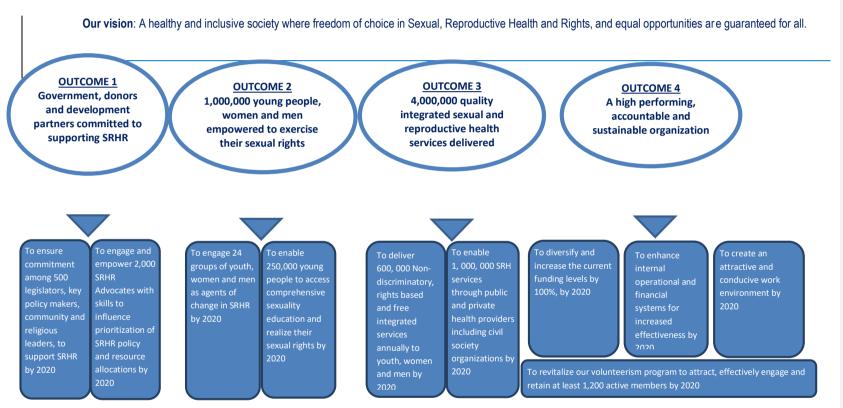
Introduction

The current Strategic Plan (2016-2020) represents a roadmap that the association intends to follow over the next five years in addressing the Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights (SRHR) situation, including HIV in the country. The plan aligns itself with IPPF Strategic Framework (2016-2022), while responding to the national SRHR and geopolitical, economic and social realities, which define the context in which LPPA will strive to achieve its vision; "A healthy and inclusive society where freedom of choice in Sexual, Reproductive Health and Rights, and equal opportunities are guaranteed for all".

The development of the 4th Strategic Plan is a collaborative and participatory effort of LPPA staff, volunteers and partners. Firstly, the current strategic plan was informed by the review of the 3rd strategic plan which provided valuable information that formed the basis for its development. Secondly, the document benefitted from consultations, suggestions and contributions of all those who participated in the Strategic Planning Workshop. Further inputs were received subsequent to the workshop that helped to refine the document.

This Strategic Plan articulates the strategic identity of LPPA which includes a vision, a mission statement and a set of values. These three elements outline why LPPA exists, what it intends to achieve and how it does its work.

Overall Strategy



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Our mission: To provide and enable quality SRHR information, education and services, and advocate for Sexual Rights and equitable access to services, especially for key populations, the underserved, young people, men and women through volunteers, trained and competent staff

Our values: Respect, Inclusiveness, Accountability, Volunteerism, Quality, Commitment

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Drivers

A thorough examination of the national trends and facts was done using PEST and SWOT analysis tools. A review process of the 2010-2014 Strategic Plan, which highlighted the achievements, challenges and constraints encountered during the period covered by the plan, was done. In addition the SRHR status in the country was also reviewed and considered when developing the strategic drivers. The themes, which form the drivers of LPPA's work over the next five years are organised into six clusters and they include youth; the political environment; LPPA organizational systems; LPPA resource base; and, social and economic inequalities in the country.

Youth: The population distribution in Lesotho reveals that youth constitute a large proportion of the population (23.6%). In addition to being the largest proportion of the population they are faced with numerous and daunting challenges such as a heavy burden of unemployment (25.3% in 2008), HIV (23.1% adult prevalence and 8.0% among young people aged 15 to 24; rated number two in the world) and other SRH ill health.

A window of opportunity exists to create demand among young people for SRH & HIV services. Among the latest and widely used technologies are the use of mobile phones and social media platforms that LPPA will exploit to increase awareness on the range of services it provides directly and through a network of partners.

Political environment: The current political environment is characterised by instability and polarization, with inherent insecurity and potential to undermine government support to SRHR. There is an atmosphere of uncertainty in the general political sphere that can have a negative effect on government, the donor community and implementing partners' commitment in engagement and execution of their plans.

Organizational systems: In order for LPPA to deliver on its outcomes it will strengthen its organizational systems that include, but not limited to, Monitoring and Evaluation, Human Resource and Reproductive Health Commodity Security, Resource Mapping Tool to align available services and resources, streamline those services and resources, and identify areas of need. Both the review of the previous strategic plan and the SWOT analysis identified systems strengthening as a critical need if the new strategic plan is to be realized.

Resource base: There is a need for increased resource envelope for the implementation of the LPPA programme over the next five years. The MA still has a heavy dependence on IPPF despite a strong presence of donor community in Lesotho and in the region. LPPA will therefore increase its resource mobilization capacity to attract increased donor support, and ensure that it aligns its plans to the prevailing donor priorities. Furthermore, LPPA will utilise its asset base with high potential for resource

mobilization. LPPA has property (such as undeveloped sites and three major buildings) that it can utilise to generate income in order to augment its resource base.

Social, economic and geographical disparities: LPPA operates in an environment where there are great social and economic disparities. Many people especially women and young people are disadvantaged. This situation is the main contributor in the power relation imbalances between men and women, adults and youth, rural and urban that predisposes marginalised groups to abuse, neglect, poverty, and other social and economic ills. For instance, 80 percent of women have experienced some form of gender based violence in their lifetime, while 40 percent of men have perpetrated some form of violence against women in their lifetime.¹ These further act as serious impediments to access SRH services.

The topography of the country is a challenge, since some places are not easy to reach. Such places subsequently lack basic services, including SRH services. It is equally difficult to navigate the terrain to reach places where such services are provided. It is particularly in these remote areas that high maternal, infant mortality and morbidity rates, high HIV prevalence, and high incidents of gender-based violence are experienced.

In addition, the remote and mountainous terrain of Lesotho is a major geographical barrier to access. People in the rural areas are largely subsistence farmers, and there are few work opportunities available. This situation means most families do not have means to generate cash to finance some of their basic needs including SRHR services. A total 56.6 per cent of Lesotho's population lives below the poverty line. Poverty rates are 50 per cent higher in rural areas than in urban areas. The Gini coefficient (0.52 in 2010) indicates that there is a high level of income inequality.²

The ragged terrain is also a major barrier to access, to existing sites offering SRHR services. Of particular concern are the young people who form the highest proportion of the population, are sexually active, and in their reproductive prime, yet have limited access to SRH services.

HIV, Gender Based Violence (GBV) and SRH ill health: Women, girls and young people constitute the majority of victims of HIV infection, gender-based violence and SRH ill health. The study shows that 86% of women experienced some form of violence at least once in their lifetime. Sixty-two percent of women experienced, while 37% of men perpetrated, intimate partner violence. 57% of women live with HIV. Because of their current vulnerabilities, they are not able to negotiate their terms of engagement with their partners, thus jeopardising their own Sexual and Reproductive Health, including their rights. This

¹ Gender Links, GBV Indicators Research in Lesotho, 2014.

² Household Budget Survey, 2002-2003, Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Finance and Development Planning, Lesotho.

situation is exacerbated by lack of information and education on their rights, and how to access services that can protect them.

Eighty-six percent of women experienced some form of VAW at least once in their lifetime, including partner and non-partner violence. Forty percent of men perpetrated VAW at least once in their lifetime. VAW is predominantly perpetrated within intimate relationships. Sixty-two percent of women experienced, while 37% of men perpetrated, intimate partner violence (IPV).³

The forms of violence experienced include physical, sexual, psychological and economical abuse. The predominant form of violence within intimate relationships is emotional violence, which includes insults, belittling and verbal abuse. More than half (52%) of women experienced, and 27% of men perpetrated, emotional IPV in their lifetime. Women also reported physical IPV (40%), economic IPV (30%) and sexual IPV (24%). For all forms of violence, a lower proportion of men admitted to perpetration: emotional IPV (27%), physical IPV (26%), economic IPV (13%) and sexual IPV (10%).⁴

 ³ Gender Links, GBV Indicators Research in Lesotho, 2014
 ⁴ Ibid

Identity

LPPA envisions a world in which individuals are free to make choices about their sexuality; where there is no discrimination and barriers of whatever nature; where people can express themselves freely and reach their full potential.

Our mission is a road map that indicates the journey we intend to travel towards our vision. It recognizes the potential challenges and opportunities that lie ahead, which constitute the context in which we operate.

To help achieve our mission, we will provide as well as capacitate other SRH agents to provide SRHR services to the most underserved populations, and ensure that they have the right information and education to advocate for their sexual rights, and we are guided by a set of principles in our work and relationships.

Our Vision: A healthy and inclusive society where freedom of choice in Sexual, Reproductive Health and Rights, and equal opportunities are guaranteed for all.

Our Mission: To provide and enable quality SRHR information, education and services, advocate for Sexual Rights and equitable access to services, especially for key populations, the underserved, young people, men and women through volunteers, trained and competent staff

Our values:

- We respect our clients and uphold their rights
- Our approach is inclusive and non-discriminatory
- We are accountable to ourselves, our partners and the communities we serve
- We are committed and honest
- We provide high quality SRH services to all
- We believe in the spirit of volunteerism

Strategic direction *OUTCOME 1* - Government, donors and development partners committed to supporting SRHR

By 2020 LPPA will have advocated for policy and legal reforms that respect and protect the rights of individuals to access SRH services without fear of intimidation and discrimination. LPPA shall have persuaded government to formulate policies and enact laws that provide an enabling environment for SRHR. There will also be increased resources to support SRHR from government, donors and development partners.

Objective 1.1: To ensure commitment among 500 legislators, key policy makers, community and religious leaders, to support SRHR by 2020 through advocacy and lobbying

LPPA will strive to gain support for SRHR from legislators, key policy makers, community and religious leaders. We shall map out the SRHR policy environment and identify those that need to be developed, reviewed or repealed, based on evidence available.

We will work towards achieving a conducive and supportive environment where people are able to make their SRHR choices, and their rights supported and protected by policy and legal frameworks.

Objective 1.2: To engage and empower 2,000 SRHR Advocates with skills to influence prioritization of SRHR policy and resource allocations by 2020

LPPA will establish and build capacity of a core team of advocates through periodic training, who will be knowledgeable and skilled in SRHR to influence government, donors and partners to regard SRHR as a priority national development issue.

OUTCOME 2: 1,000,000 young people, women and men empowered to exercise their sexual rights

LPPA shall have empowered groups of youth, women and men acting as agents of change in SRHR. Young people, women and men will actively articulate and advocate for their rights. Young people, women and men will be knowledgeable about their sexual rights and translate this into a change in their behaviour. Social, economic, legal and cultural barriers commonly impacting negatively on these groups will be reduced resulting in increased uptake of SRH services.

Objective 2.1: To engage 24 groups of youth, women and men as agents of change in SRHR by 2020

• LPPA will identify 3 groups (1 of youth, 1 of women and 1 of men) in each of the eight districts, train and equip them with material resources to work as agents of change within their communities. The groups will create awareness on SRHR and promote behavioural change. The focus of their activities shall be towards reducing HIV; reducing high infant and maternal mortality; and reducing cases of GBV. A key strategic approach shall be to promote male engagement and involvement in SRH by involving them as agents of change within their respective communities.

Objective 2.2: To enable 250,000 young people to access comprehensive sexuality education and realize their sexual rights by 2020

We will adopt the national Comprehensive Sexuality Education (CSE) curriculum and adapt to our needs. With support from International Planned Parenthood Federation Africa Regional Office (IPPFARO), LPPA shall build its capacity and that of its partners to roll out CSE to in and out of school youth. Crucially, LPPA will focus on strengthening referral linkages between CSE and services to ensure a significant proportion of youth who complete CSE exercise their sexual rights and utilise SRH services.

OUTCOME 3: 4,000,000 quality integrated sexual and reproductive health services delivered

There will be more sensitive programming that respects diversity in terms of age, gender, economic, social, cultural, political and religious differences, and increased involvement of other service agencies; increased utilization of integrated SRH services and reduced cases of GBV, reduced new HIV infections, increased uptake of contraceptives and condoms, and, reduced maternal and infant mortality. In addition, there shall be reduced cases of unwanted pregnancy, reduced cases of unsafe abortion, and reduced number of new Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs). LPPA will have established strategic partnerships with public and private providers with a flourishing social franchise enabling the MA to reach more people with integrated SRH & HIV services especially the underserved.

Objective 3.1: To deliver 600,000 non-discriminatory, rights based and free integrated services annually to youth, women and men by 2020

LPPA will expand service delivery by increasing its geographical coverage; strengthen its rights-based approach and scale up integrated services through various modes. These will include, outreach, community based distribution, mobile services, and support other agencies operating in other districts.

Objective 3.2: To enable 1,000,000 SRH services through public and private health providers including civil society organizations by 2020

LPPA will develop and implement a social franchising strategy in order to create a network of public and private health providers in SRH service delivery. Support will be sourced from IPPF to build the MA's capacity in social franchising. In addition we will develop and implement a Community Based Services Strategy to facilitate the engagement of community own resource persons as providers. This will involve engaging and building capacity of retired service providers trusted by their communities and setting up health depots to strengthen RH commodity security.

OUTCOME 4: A high performing, accountable and sustainable organization

The MAs systems will have been reviewed for improved performance, accountability and sustainability. The M&E, HRM, Financial management systems shall have provided means of tracking performance at all levels and assist in accounting and reporting of the organizations' performance.

Furthermore, the MA shall have investigated ways of enhancing its capacity to meet the challenge of increasing its financial resource base. To that end, the MA shall have examined all possible sources of funding from donors and partners, as well as other means such as converting its property into a social enterprise.

Improvements of the M&E, HRM, Financial management systems, including improved programme implementation shall have helped LPPA to run efficient and effective operations sustainably.

Objective 4.1: To diversify and increase the current funding levels by 100%, by 2020

We will diversify our resource base through social enterprise, donor cultivation, and engage high profile volunteers to attract more high net worth individuals through networking.

Objective 4.2: To enhance internal operational and financial systems for increased effectiveness by 2020

LPPA will strive to improve its operational and financial systems leading to increased accountability and effectiveness. Monitoring and evaluation of programmes shall be improved through systems strengthening.

Objective 4.3: To create an attractive and conducive work environment by 2020

In order to create an attractive and conducive working environment, we shall introduce adequate market related incentives to retain the current staff and attract more capable and skilled personnel to cope with increasing programme demands.

Objective 4.4: To revitalize our volunteerism program to attract, effectively engage and retain at least 1,200 active members by 2020

To attract, effectively engage and retain our volunteers, we will develop a program to attract new members with requisite skills, and effectively utilise their skills, knowledge and expertise. The MA shall increase their participation and involvement through skills audit and engagement in programmes activities.

Implementation Strategies

Outcome 1: Government, Donors and Development partners committed to supporting SRHR

Objectives:

- To ensure commitment among 500 legislators, key policy makers, community and religious leaders, to support SRHR by 2020
- To engage and empower 2,000 SRHR Advocates with skills to influence prioritization of SRHR policy and resource allocations by 2020

Strategies:

- Review of signed Memorandum Of Understanding (MOU) with Government annually
- Build new partnerships with relevant development partners
- Lobby and engage social cluster committee to be advocates of SRHR issues
- Identify and engage civil society and development partners to share resources
- Engage potential partners to develop the MAs existing sites
- Advocate for youth internships and fellowships with development partners, donors and government

Outcome 2: 1,000,000 young people, women and men empowered to exercise their sexual rights

Objectives:

• To engage 24 groups of youth, women and men as agents of change in SRHR by 2020

• To enable 250,000 young people to access comprehensive sexuality education and realize their sexual rights

Strategies:

- Expand youth resource centers to other branches
- Partner with Ministry of Education in rolling out comprehensive sexuality education
- Embrace technology for demand creation, information and education especially for young people
- Partner with media houses for easy dissemination of SRHR information

Outcome 3: 4,000,000 quality integrated sexual and reproductive health services delivered

Objectives:

• To deliver 600,000 Non-discriminatory, rights based and free SRH integrated services annually to youth, women and men by 2020

Strategies:

- Scale up integration to all Service Delivery Points (SDPs)
- Institutionalize quality of care
- Initiate internships for graduate nurses
- Consider Doctors' plaza model to attract doctors to LPPA facilities and expand range of specialized services
- Reproductive Health Commodity Security embrace innovative approaches in supply chain management e.g. Direct Delivery and Information Capture (DDIC)
- Expand and diversify comprehensive quality integrated service delivery to all districts

Objectives:

• To enable 1,000,000 SRH services through public and private health providers including civil society organizations by 2020

Strategies:

- Develop and implement Social franchising and associate clinic model
- Develop a community based services strategy retired nurses; community own resource persons; contraceptive depots and Community Based Distributors (CBDs)
- Develop a referral network of service providers franchisees, partners etc
- Build capacity of community based, public and private providers
- RHCS embrace innovative approaches in supply chain management.

Outcome 4: A high performing, accountable and sustainable organization

Objectives:

• To diversify and increase the current funding levels by 100%, by 2020

Strategies:

- Engage in social enterprise
- Enhance capacity for resource mobilization
- Explore strategic resource mobilization partnerships such as Build Operate and Transfer (BOT) to develop LPPA's idle capacity (including land or co- ownership
- Consider setting up a training institute utilize the immense experience of current and retired LPPA staff as resource persons; partner with national and regional institutions to offer accredited courses

Objective:

• To enhance internal operational systems for increased effectiveness by 2020

Strategies:

- Undertake a systems audit
- Undertake a systems and human capacity needs assessment survey
- Develop a training plan
- Develop a systems upgrade and maintenance plan
- Develop internal control mechanisms to ensure that staff respect and uphold organizational policies and procedures; including risk management mechanisms procedure.

Objective:

• To revitalize LPPA volunteerism program to attract, effectively engage and retain at least 1, 200 active members by 2020

Strategies:

- Develop a volunteer recognition/award mechanism
- Develop a volunteer engagement and rating/ranking mechanism
- Document and quantify volunteer contribution

Objective:

To create an attractive and conducive working environment for staff by the year 2020

Strategies:

• Review the current organizational structure to align functions to the new strategic plan

- Review and develop a remuneration package based on current competitive market rates
- Develop a reward system for outstanding individual/group performance, Develop a recognition systems for excellence
- Organize and undertake staff retreats and team building exercises
- Introduce a mentoring and coaching programme
- Review job descriptions in relation to tasks, and develop promotion practices guidelines
- Provide mediation and counseling opportunities for employees

Annex I - Implementation Strategies

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	 Identify civil society and development partners and commit their resources allocations SRHR advocates: Develop an internship and fellowship program Conduct training needs assessment for SRHR advocates Develop training materials Organise placements 	 Build capacity to provide expanded SRH services through reviewing staffing needs, providing needs-based training for service providers and providing equipment and supplies Develop manuals to guide to and ensure adherence to Quality of Care standards and guidelines in service provision Produce and disseminate target- group specific IEC/BCC messages and materials Develop and implement strategies to market the expanded services 	own resource persons; contraceptive depots and CBDs to work with	 Review the current organizational structure Review and develop a remuneration package based on current competitive market rates Develop a reward system for outstanding individual/group performance Develop a recognition systems for excellence Organize and undertake staff retreats and team building exercises Identify and introduce incentive packages Introduce a mentoring and coaching programme develop clear guidelines for work responsibilities, promotion practices, and scheduling issues Provide mediation and counseling opportunities for employees Monitoring and evaluation: Develop integrated M & E systems to respond to internal information needs Organise training on data collection for decision making, accountability and learning 				
Models of programming	LobbyingAdvocacy	 Awareness campaigns Advocacy Maximise impact through CSE 	Outreach Community based distribution Mobile facilities Static facilities Social franchising Lobbying Advocacy	Structural reforms Operational reforms Human capacity development Social enterprise volunteerism Lobbying Advocacy				
Target groups	Legislators Key policy makers Community and religious leaders Young people Women Men	 3 groups (1 of youth, 1 of women and 1 of men) in each of the eight districts In- and out of school youth and school youth 	 Youth Women Men Civil society organizations Community own resource persons 	 High profile volunteers Donors Partners High net worth individuals Operation al and staff Current staff New members Old members New staff New members Old members 				
What will we stop	/hat will we stop / reduce to implement this strategy? To increase integrated SRH services, the MA will move away from establishing static clinics districts while it will endeavour to enhance the capacity of other agencies and individuals who trusted to provide services.							
Organisational imp	lications?		resource, vehicles, ar to expand SRH servi organizational struct	In order to implement the strategy, the MA will increase its resource base in terms of human resource, vehicles, and further partner with other service provider institutions in areas where it seeks to expand SRH services through social franchising. Other positions will be included in the current organizational structure as a way to enable the implementation. Among such positions will be Research Operations, Advocacy, and Resource Mobilization Officers.				

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	budget		

Annex II - Strategic Measurement

Outcome / Objective	Indicators		Targets (expected results)						
		B/line	Yr. 1	Yr. 2	Yr. 3	Yr. 4	Yr. 5		
Obj. 1.1: To ensure commitment among 500 legislators, key policy makers, community and religious leaders, to support SRHR by 2020	Impact: Increased level of support for SRHR Increased involvement in realization of SRHR SRHR policies and legislation reviewed, or adopted Increased national budget allocation for SRH activities Process:								
	Number of legislators, key policy makers, community and religious leaders involved and supporting SRHR SRH incorporated in national development budget;	0 8%	50 10%	100 12%	100 13%	100 14%	150 15%		
Obj. 1.2: To engage and empower 2,000 SRHR Advocates with skills to influence prioritization of SRHR policy and resource allocations by 2020	Impact: SRHR policy receiving national attention SRHR policy reforms Increased level of funding for SRHR activities Percentage of advocates who completed CSE increase their SRHR knowledge and skills and their ability to influence prioritization of SRHR policy								
	Process: Number of training session held Number of advocates completing the training Proportion of SRHR budget allocations	8%	5 400 10%	5 400 12%	5 400 13%	5 400 14%	5 400 15%		
Obj. 2.1: To engage 24 groups of youth, women and men as agents of change in SRHR by	Impact: Increased knowledge of SRHR issues Increased level of behavioral change and attitudes 								
2020	Process: Number of training sessions held Number of people completing the training Number of people utilizing SRHR services		3 30 120000	3 30 120000	3 30 120000	120000	120000		
Obj. 2.2: To enable 250,000 young people to access comprehensive sexuality education and realize their sexual rights by 2020	Impact: Percentage of people who completed CSE increases their SRHR knowledge and their ability to exercise their sexual rights % increase in access to CSE targeted SRHR services by young people Increased % of the exposed target groups has sufficient capacity to make safe and informed decisions Process:								
	Number of CSE sessions held								

	Number of teachers trained	0	50	50	50	50	50
	 Number of young people who have completed a CSE session 			50000	50000	75000	75000
Obj. 3.1:	Impact:						
To deliver 600, 000 non-discriminatory,	 Percentage of people knowledgeable about LPPA' integrated services 						
rights based and free integrated services	 Percentage of targeted SRHR facilities increasingly comply with IPPF standards 						
annually to youth, women and men by	Process:						
2020	 Number of people utilizing integrated services by age and sex annually 		120000	120000	120000	120000	120000
	 Number of services offered per health institution 		3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
Obj. 3.2:	Impact:						
To enable 1, 000, 000 SRH services	Improved access to SRH services						
through public and private health	 Increased strength of the SRHR CSE in the public, private and civil society 						
providers including civil society	organizations						
organizations by 2020	Process:						
	Number of training sessions held	0	6	6	8	10	12
	Number of people trained and or retrained in SRH by public and private health	0	20	20	20	20	20
	facilities						
	Number of people accessing SRH services		200000	200000	200000	200000	200000
	 Number of services offered at private and public health institutions 		3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
	Number of performance audits undertaken	0	14	15	15	16	16
Obj. 4.1:	Impact:						
To diversify and increase the current	 Increased capacity for resource mobilization 						
funding levels by 100%, by 2020	Increased sources of funds						
	 % of the budget assigned to SRHR is maintained or increased 						
	Process:						
	 Percentage change in funding levels achieved annually 	10	50	60	80	90	100
	Number of funding sources	10	15	20	22	24	24
Obj. 4.2:	Impact:						
To enhance internal operational and	Internal operational and financial systems that meet LPPAs needs and enhance						
financial systems for increased	performance						
effectiveness by 2020	Process:						
	 Number of operational and financial systems upgraded 	0	4	4	4	4	4
	Number of training sessions held	0	4	0	4	0	4
	 Number of people trained on the use of upgraded systems 	0	10	0	10	0	10
Obj. 4.3:	Impact:						
To create an attractive and conducive	 Percentage of staff serving LPPA for at least 5 years 						
work environment by 2020	Process:						
	 Number of staff members leaving LPPA after 5 years 	0	1	2	0	0	0
	Number of new staff recruited and serving for at least five years	0	6	6	6	2	0
	Number of remuneration reviews undertaken annually	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Number of staff retreats undertaken annually	0	1	1	1	1	1
	 Number of mentors and coaches appointed 	0	2	2	2	2	2
	Number of incentive packages developed annually	0	1	1	1	1	1

Obj. 4.4:	Impact:					
To revitalize our volunteerism program to	 High level of engagement from volunteers 					
attract, effectively engage and retain at	Process:					
least 1,200 active members by 2020	 Number of volunteers actively participating in the program 	10	20	30	40	50
	 Volunteer action plans developed and implemented 					
	 Volunteer retention strategies developed and implemented 					

Annex III - Logical framework

OUTCOME 1 - Government	, donors and development par	tners committed to supporting SRHR

Objectives	Verifiable Indicators	Means of Verification	Assumptions
Objectives 1.1: To ensure commitment among 500 legislators, key policy makers, community and religious leaders to support SRHR by 2020	 Increase in: Number of legislators, stakeholders and community leaders who know about and endorse SRHR activities Number of local organizations involved and supporting SRHR Proportion of national development budget allocated for essential sexual and reproductive health package 	 Signed Memorandum of Understandings Reports Reports Minutes of meetings held Reports 	 Increased collaboration between LPPA, donors and stakeholders Political stability Policy-makers and planners support SRHR activities
 Objective 1.2: To engage and empower 2,000 SRH Advocates with skills to influence prioritization of SRH policies and resource allocations by 2020. 	 SRHR policies receiving national attention SRHR policy reforms Increased level of funding for SRHR activities Percentage of advocates who completed CSE increase their SRHR knowledge and skills and their ability to influence 	 Amended policy documents National budget allocation/budget speech Activity report 	 Key messages appreciated and understood Attitudinal and behavioural change will be sustained beyond duration of intervention

prioritization of SRHR policy	

Objectives	Verifiable Indicators	Means of Verification	Assumptions
Objective 2.1: To engage 24 groups of youth, women and men as agents of change in SRHR by 2020	 Number of youth, women and men trained in SRHR Number of youth, women and men involved in SRHR advocacy Number of people knowledgeable about SRHR Number of people accessing SRHR services 	 Activity reports Behavioural and health surveillance surveys Programme impact evaluation reports Training workshop reports 	 Key messages appreciated and understood Attitudinal and behavioural change will be sustained beyond duration of intervention
			Γ
Objective 2.2: To enable 250,000 young people to access comprehensive sexuality education and realize their sexual rights	 Number of young people accessing comprehensive sexuality education Number of schools providing comprehensive sexuality education % of young people with knowledge of SRHR % of young people visiting SRH services 	 Reports of periodic surveys Baseline and project reports Service statistics 	 Supply of services sustained beyond duration of intervention Effective scale-up of activities possible Key messages appreciated and understood

Outcome 2: 1,000,000 young people, women and men empowered to exercise their sexual rights

Objectives	Verifiable Indicators	Means of Verification	Assumptions
Objective 3.1: To deliver 600,000 Non- discriminatory, rights based and free integrated services annually to youth, women and men	 % of current users using their first choice of method Number of new clients recommended by other users Number of SDPs providing comprehensive Sexual and Reproductive Health services Number of clients by age and sex provided with comprehensive and target specific SRH services by type of service 	 Sample survey of target group Monthly statistics report Annual survey of client satisfaction Reports of periodic surveys 	 Attitudinal and behavioural change will be sustained beyond duration of intervention Communities motivated to be involved
Objective 3.2: To enable 1,000,000 SRH services through public and private health providers including civil society organizations by 2020	 % of providers who demonstrate good understanding and practice of SRHR Number of clients by age and sex provided with integrated and target specific SRH services by type of service 	 Comparison of baseline, mid- term and period end situation analysis results Provider-client observations Reports of periodic surveys Management information systems reports Clinical records 	 Attitudinal and behavioural change will be sustained beyond duration of intervention Communities motivated to be involved Policy-makers and planners support the activities

Outcome 3: 4,000,000 quality integrated sexual and reproductive health services delivered

Objective 4: High performing, accountable and sustainable organization

Objectives	Verifiable Indicators	Means of Verification	Assumptions
Objective 4.1: To diversify and increase the current funding levels by 100%, by 2020	 Proportion of national development budget allocated for essential sexual and reproductive health package Donor funding levels Diversified sources of income Amount of funds raised through mobilization strategy 	 List of donors Periodic reports Resource mobilization reports Workshop report 	 Staff is motivated to be involved Political stability Policy-makers and planners support the activities
Objective 4.2: To enhance internal operational systems for increased effectiveness by 2020	 Number of operational systems upgrades and maintenance Number of staff trained Number of additional positions in place 	 Periodic reports Workshop training reports Inventory reports Revised organ gram 	 Staff is motivated to be involved Organogram is reviewed and approved
Objective 4.3: To revitalize our volunteerism to attract, effectively engage and retain at least 1, 200 active members by 2020	 Number of newly registered volunteers % of old volunteer members Number of volunteers working in SRHR, Number of volunteers trained in SRHR Number of men and women 	 Comparison of Baseline and survey results Personnel records Project documentation, annual reports, financial and administrative records Volunteer register 	 Volunteers are motivated to be involved

	enrolled in SRHR interest groups		
Objective 4.4: To create an attractive and conducive working environment for staff by the year 2020	 Increase in: Supervisory support Good relations with co- workers Productivity 	 Human Resource Reports Productivity reports Annual survey of staff satisfaction 	Staff is motivated to be involved
	 Provision of: Competitive and market-related remuneration packages to employees Adequate and accurate recognition of the knowledge, skills, competencies and experience of employees and commensurate rewards Promotion of: Transparency through sharing information about compensation practices, pay rates criteria and how they are determined Staff training and development 		

 Application of: Equitable methods, procedures and practices for compensating, recognizing and rewarding employee contributions. Fairness in methods, procedures and practices for compensating, recognizing 	
procedures and practices for compensating, recognizing and rewarding employee contributions.	

Annex IV - Monitoring and Evaluation

Monitoring, evaluation and reporting will form the foundation of LPPA's accountability. We will ensure with measurable indicators that interventions have the desired effects on process, outputs, outcomes, effect and impact. For the many of the outcome indicators in the Strategic Plan, baselines will be established as well as clear plans for continued monitoring of these indicators. In addition, we develop a succinct list of indicators that will be utilized to monitor SRH programmes which may provide additional support to enhance monitoring of output level indicators. Sufficient resources will be allocated for these activities.

Insofar as possible, data will be obtained from routine sources, provided they are reviewed for optimal performance. Simplification, relevance and reliability will be the key principles for data collection, with a constant view towards the utilization of these data for identifying gaps and changing procedures or approaches to service delivery. The data will be analyzed to track changes against the project's logical frameworks, workplans, time schedules and budgets.

SRH-based surveys will be organized in a way that allows a wide range of distribution variables, such as age, sex, geographic location, and socio-economic status. Whenever possible, disaggregated data will be collected based on these distribution variables. SRH-based surveys will be performed at regular intervals and with consistent methodologies, so that trends can be identified and analyzed.

The key monitoring tools will include the monthly, quarterly and annual reports of all organizational units. The collected information will be analyzed annually, shared with all LPPA staff and reviewed by the Executive Committee and the regional office. In addition, LPPA we will track and measure progress through a rigorous monitoring and evaluation system, including regular monitoring, reviews, outcome and thematic evaluations, research and assessments, where feasible. Mid-term and final evaluation will be conducted at the end of the third and fifth year respectively to measure both the process and impact indicators. External consultants will be engaged to undertake the evaluation.

Particular care will be given to monitoring the efficiency, relevance and sustainability of our programmes. This kind of monitoring will aim to determine whether optimal use of resources (human, financial and technological resources and time) is being made to achieve the objectives and resultant outcomes.